### EUROPEAN DNA PROFILING GROUP (EDNAP) MEETING

### Rome, Italy

### 8 November 2016

Host: Vince Pascali Chairman: Niels Morling

A list of participants is attached.

#### Welcome

Vince Pascali welcomed members to Rome.

### Presentation

*What is inside a mixture?* Vince Pascali Vince Pascali presented research on biostatistics analysis of mixtures of DNA from two or more individuals. The data will be published elsewhere.

#### Update on exercises

A SNaPshot based method targeting18 common mtDNA mutations Arnoud Kal The manuscript is in press (presentation attached).

Second exercise on methylated DNA and age David Ballard David Ballard presented the results of the second collaborative EDNAP exercise on age estimation by means of measurements of methylation of selected DNA positions (presentation attached).

*Exercise on mRNA typing with NGS* Cordula Haas Cordula Haas gave an update of the NGS based study of discrimination between various tissues and body fluids (presentation attached).

### Updates from other groups

High quality DNA sequence database - STRidERIngo BastischIngo Bastisch informed about the update of the advice on formulas on the website,http://strider.online. Colleagues are invited to submit data to the database. In the near future,STRider will be used as a screening tool and repository for population genetic informationthat is sent to Forensic Science International: Genetics.

*EUROFORGEN-NoE – General update* Peter Schneider Peter Schneider gave an update concerning the project (presentation attached).

**EDNAP website update** (<u>www.isfg.org/EDNAP</u>) Peter Schneider Members are encouraged to visit the website. Suggestions are welcome.

#### **Future activities**

#### Niels Morling

At the next EDNAP meeting, Cordula Haas will suggest a follow-up exercise on mRNA typing with NGS.

#### Next meeting

Niels Morling

The next EDNAP meeting will be held 25 April 2017 in Vilnius, Lithuania in connection with the meetings of CODIS users and the DNA Working Group of ENFSI. The meetings will be organised by Gintautas Šinkūnas (gintautas.sinkunas@vrm.lt).

If you are willing to host the EDNAP meeting in the autumn of 2017, please contact Niels Morling.

#### Any other business

Niels Morling

There was no other business.

### **Closing of the meeting**

The meeting closed with sincere thanks to Vince Pascal, Francesca Brisighelli and all other colleagues, who helped to organise the meeting.

#### Attachments are found at the EDNAP website <a href="http://www.isfg.org/EDNAP/Meetings">http://www.isfg.org/EDNAP/Meetings</a>:

- Agenda
- List of participants
- Presentations
  - Arnoud Kal: Report on mtDNA SNP typing
  - David Ballard: Report on methylated DNA and age determination
  - Cordula Haas: Report on mRNA NGS
  - Peter Schneider: Report on EUROFORGEN-NoE.

### AGENDA FOR THE EDNAP MEETING

### **ROME – 8 NOVEMBER 2016**

### DRAFT

Expected duration: 09.00 - 17.00

Coffee: 10.15 - Lunch: 12.30-13.30 - Coffee: 15.15

Host: Vince Pascali Chairman: Niels Morling

Welcome	Vince Pascali
What is inside a mixture? Validation of software – ENFSI – draft Education, competence, certification, accreditation - ENFSI	Vince Pascali Peter Gill Niels Morling
Update on activities concerning mtDNA SNP screening – two PCRs, 18 SNPs Methylated DNA and age exercise Exercise on mRNA typing with MPS	Arnoud Kal David Ballard Cordula Haas
Updates from other groups High quality DNA sequence database EUROFORGEN-NoE	Walther Parson Peter Schneider
Future activities EDNAP meeting 25 April 2017 in Vilnius, Lithuania EDNAP meeting in the fall of 2017 – where? Please suggest	Niels Morling
Any other business	Niels Morling

EDNAP Meeting 8 November 2016 in Rome - Participants

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12.11.2016

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12.11.2016

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Netherlands Forensic Institute Ministry of Justice

## Final Update Exercise mtDNA **SNaPshot**

8 November 2016, Rome



# A control region-based mtDNA SNaPshot selection tool, integrated into a mini amplicon sequencing method

- Targets 18 SNPs in HVS I - II - III

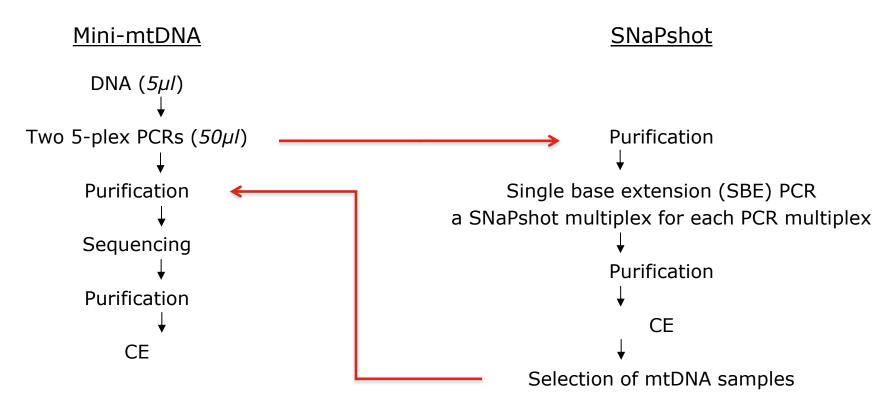
- Degenerate bases in 3' part primer to cover SNPs at primer binding site positions

- Two SNaPshot multiplexes for PCR products of mini amplicon mtDNA multiplexes (Eichmann et al 2008)

SNP	Base change	Frequency	Haplogroup
73	A>G	0.5551	HV / H / V
146	T>C - T>a	0.0933 - 0.0001	
150	C>T - C>g	0.1028 - 0.0001	
152	T>C	0.2007	
182	C>T	0.0088	
185	G>A - G>t - G>c	0.0541 - 0.0031 - 0.0004	
195	T>C - T>a	0.1986 - 0.0002	
489	T>C	0.1351	M / J
497	C>T	0.0419	К
16126	T>C	0.1799	
16129	G>A - G>c	0.0689 - 0.0111	
16223	C>T	0.1405	
16270	C>T	0.0876	
16278	C>T	0.0646	
16294	C>T - C>a - C>g	0.1071 - 0.0003 - 0.0002	
16311	T>C	0.1676	
16362	T>C	0.0743	
16519	T>C	0.6642	



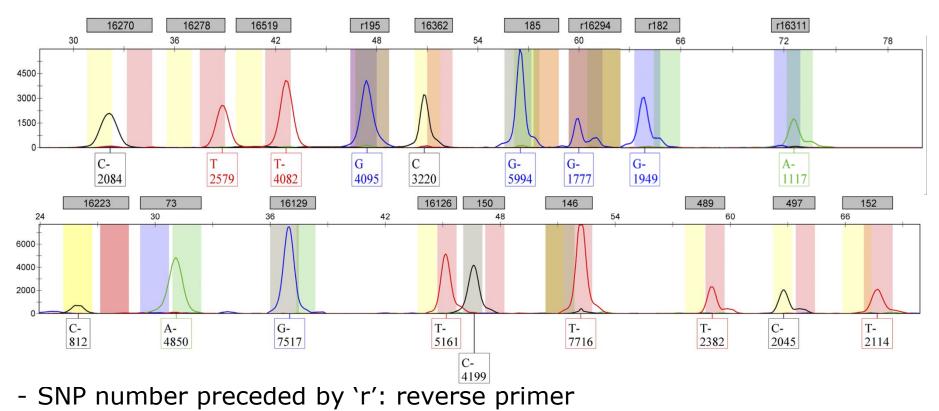
## Same PCR product for sequencing and SNaPshot



*Example: Case with 30 hairs*  $\rightarrow$  600 *sequencing reactions SNaPshot: Selection of 3 hair samples*  $\rightarrow$  60 *sequencing reactions* 



## **Optimised SNaPshot assay**

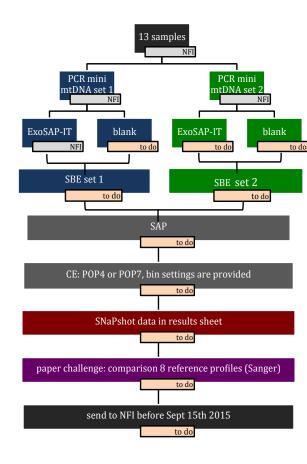


- Allele call followed by `-': rCRS allele



## EDNAP Exercise: 3 parts – 14 labs (excl NFI)

- ① SNaPshot assays on 13 samples for which PCR products are provided
- ② Paper challenge: compare results 1 to list of 8 references given in standard nomenclature
- ③ Optional: NGS full mtDNA analysis of 2 samples
   » Commercial control DNA sample (cell line)
  - » Sample with heteroplasmy





## Warsaw meeting april 2016

Draft manuscript almost finished



Forensic Science International: Genetics 26 (2017) 77-84



# A collaborative EDNAP exercise on SNaPshot<sup>TM</sup>-based mtDNA control region typing



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## MPS data in Suplemental Materials

In summary, four laboratories submitted two samples to MPS using two different platforms. Some differences were reported, but these were observed to be calling errors when the data were re-analysed through the same software. Although the average read coverage varied markedly between the four laboratories, the ratio between the two bases at a heteroplasmic position was similar for all four laboratories. MPS appeared to generate reliable mtDNA typing results.



## Big THANK YOU ALL!!



# Methylated DNA & Age Exercise



EDNAP, Rome 2016

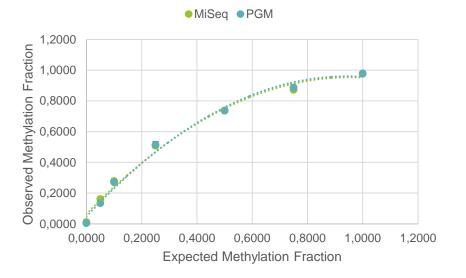


# EDNAP EXERCISE

Part 1

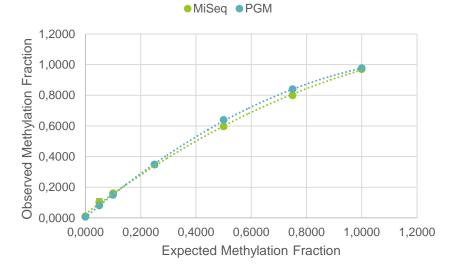
## Part 1

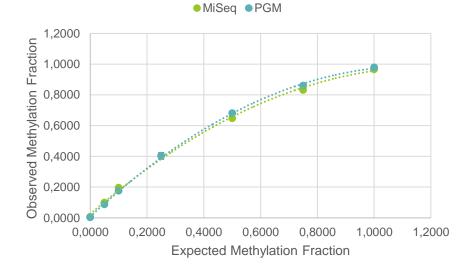
- Results now received from 15 laboratories
  - 8 MiSeq only
  - 5 PGM only
  - 2 MiSeq and PGM
- 7 Methylation standards between 0-100% sent out to all labs



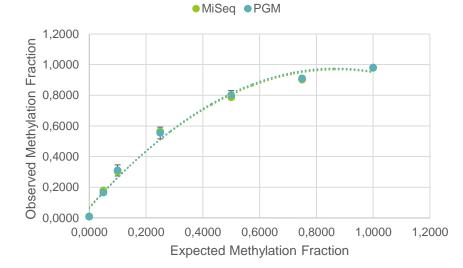
CpG 1

CpG 3

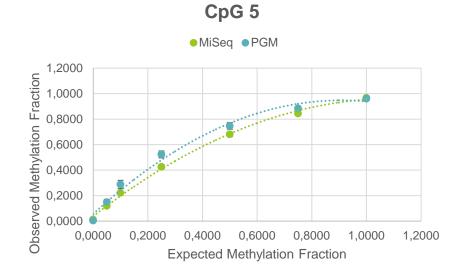


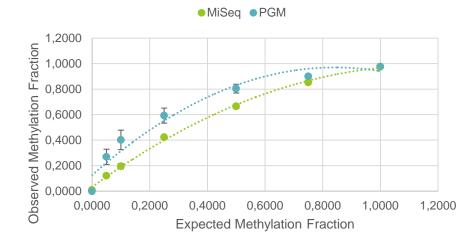


CpG 4



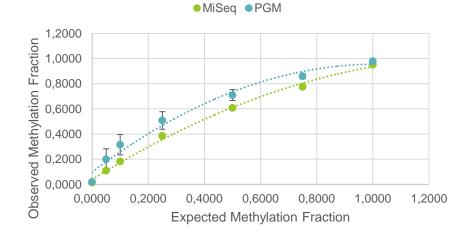
CpG 2



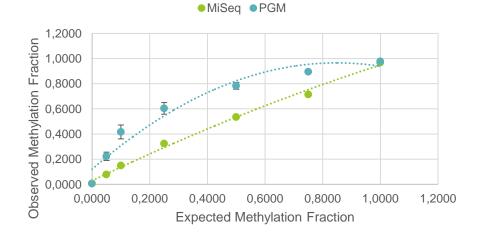


CpG 6

CpG 7



CpG 8



## EDNAP EXERCISE

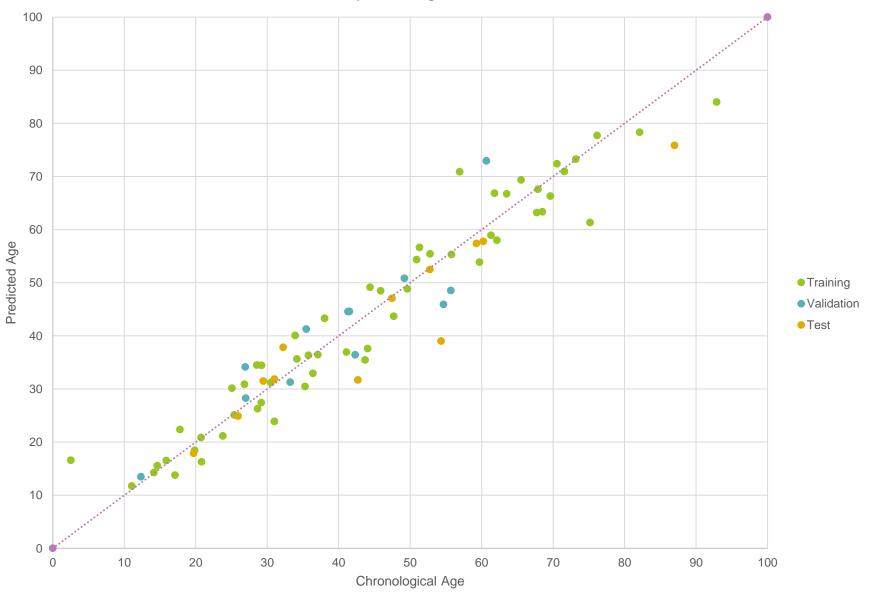
Part 2

## Part 2

- Results now received from 12/15 laboratories
- Samples sent:
  - o 7 blood stains
  - 2 methylation standards
- Also possible to analyse 3-6 samples unique to the laboratory

### **ANN Based Prediction Model**

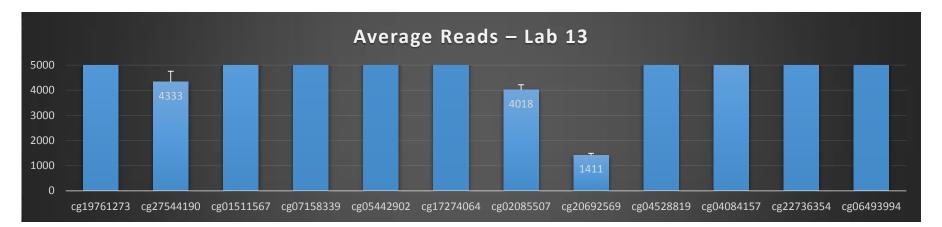
Methylation Age Predictions

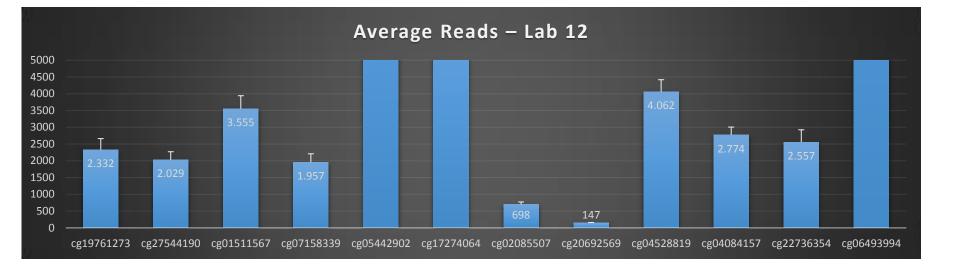


# Stain D

- Actual age 47
  - Prediction KCL 48.8
  - MiSeq Lab 13 50.6
  - MiSeq Lab 14 49.55
  - MiSeq Lab 3 48.3
  - MiSeq Lab 10 47.5
  - MiSeq Lab 12 44.35

### Lower read numbers lead to less accurate predictions





# Stain D

- Actual age 47
  - Prediction KCL 48.8
  - MiSeq Lab 13 50.6
  - MiSeq Lab 14 49.55
  - MiSeq Lab 3 48.3
  - MiSeq Lab 10 47.5
  - MiSeq Lab 12 44.35
  - MiSeq Lab 11 42.2

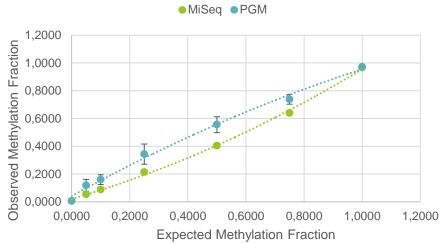
# Stain D

• Actual age 47

• PGM Lab 9 -

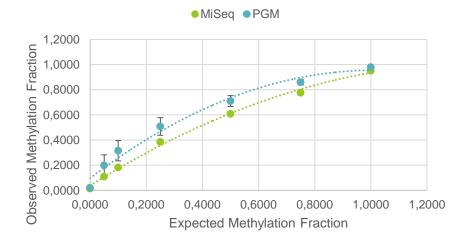
- Prediction KCL –
- 48.8 46.9 (48.6)

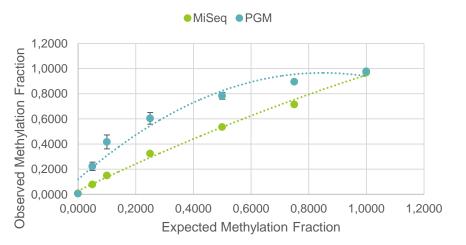
### Normalisation of PGM values to MiSeq values



CpG 9 • MiSeq • PGM







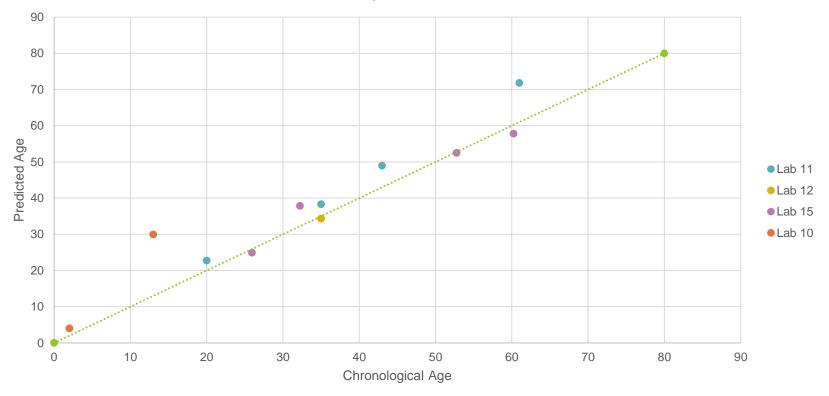
CpG 8

# Stain D

- Actual age 47
  - Prediction KCL 48.8
    PGM Lab 9 46.9 (48.6)
    PGM Lab 8 66.4 (47.6)
    PGM Lab 16 55.35 (42.8)
    PGM Lab 11 57.65 (33.8)
    PGM Lab 2 50.15 (27.4)

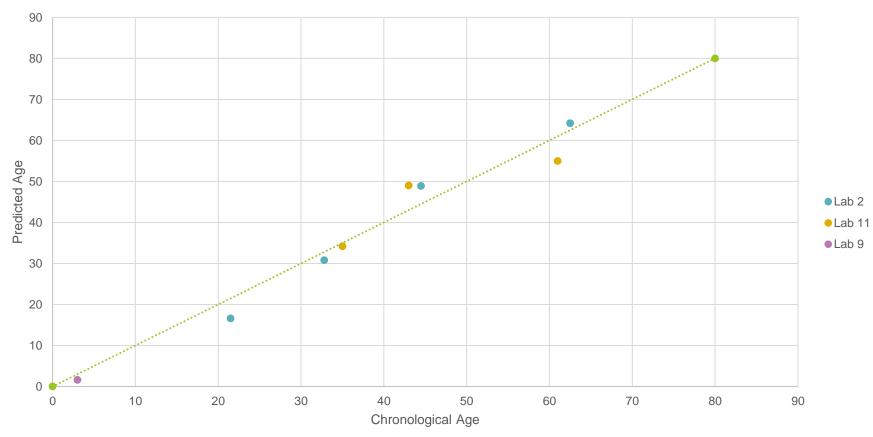
## Blind age predictions of extra MiSeq results

MiSeq - Venus Blood



## Blind age predictions of extra PGMresults

PGM - Venus Blood



## Acknowledgments

Anastasia Aliferi Athina Vidaki Denise Syndercome Court Leon Barron

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## DAVID BALLARD DNA ANALYSIS AT KING'S KING'S COLLEGE LONDON LONDON UK

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**Zurich Institute of Forensic Medicine** 

# EUROFORGEN / EDNAP mRNA NGS exercise 1 Assay for body fluid/tissue identification

Cordula Haas / Sabrina Ingold / Guro Dorum Erin Hanson / Jack Ballantyne

8. November 2016, Rome



### Association of a Body Fluid with a DNA Profile by Targeted RNA/DNA Deep Sequencing

Cordula Haas\*, Sabrina Ingold\*, Erin Hanson°, Jack Ballantyne° \*University of Zurich, °University of Central Florida







1. set up a targeted mRNA/miRNA NGS approach for body fluid/tissue identification

 $\rightarrow$  establish a probabilistic approach to call/predict the presence of a body fluid

- 2. select a set of SNPs for each body fluid/tissue, that discriminates individuals the most
   → assign a body fluid to a specific individual
- 3. combine the RNA analysis with gDNA STR sequencing, allowing simultaneous human individual identification and forensic tissue identification



#### 1A. targeted mRNA NGS approach for body fluid/tissue identification (MiSeq)

- Illumina DesignStudio
- TruSeq Targeted RNA Custom Panel
- TruSeq Targeted RNA Index Kit
- Illumina MiSeq
- Bioinformatics pipeline
- 66 mRNA biomarkers evaluated
- TOP6: 33 biomarkers
- blood, semen, saliva, vaginal secretions, menstrual blood, skin

	Body	Gene Name	TOP1	TOP2	TOP3	TOP4	TOP5	TOP6
	fluid/tissue		30plex	50plex	55plex	47plex	38plex	33plex
l		BD1						
I		BD2						
I		BD3						
		BD4						
	Blood	BD5						
I	biood	BD6						
		BD7						
		BD8						
		BD9						
		BD2 - cSNP						
		SE1						
		SE2						
		SE3						
	Semen	SE4						
	Semen	SE5						
		SE6						
		SE7						
		SE7 - cSNP						
ľ		SA1						
		SA2						
		SA3						
		SA4						
		SA5						
		SA6						
		SA7						
		SA8						
		SA9						
	Saliva	SA10						
		SA11						
		SA12						
		SA13						
		SA14						
		SA15						
		SA15						
		SA10						
		SA17						-
		VS1						
		VS1 VS2						
		V32 VS3						
		VS4						
		V34 VS5						
	Vaginal							
		VS6 VS7						
		VS8 VS9						
		VS10						
		MB1						
		MB2						
	Menstrual	MB3						
		MB4						
I		MB5						
ļ		MB6						
		SK1						
		SK2						
		SK3						
		SK4						
		SK5						
		SK6						
	Skin	SK7						
		SK8						
		SK9						
		SK10						
		SK11						
		SK12						
		SK13						
ſ		HKG1						
ļ		LIKC2						
	Housekeeping	HKG2						

#### 1B. targeted mRNA NGS approach for body fluid/tissue identification (PGM)

- Ion AmpliSeq Designer
- AmpliSeq RNA library preparation kits
- IonTorrent PGM
- Bioinformatics pipeline
- BFP0: same 33 mRNA biomarkers
- BFP3: 29 markers

	Body fluid	Gene	BFP0	BFP1	BFP2	BFP3
	Body Huld	Gene	(33plex)	(61plex)	(37plex)	(29plex)
		B1				
		B2				
		B3				
	Blood	B4				
		B5 B6				
		B7				
		B7 B8				
		Se1				
		Se2				
		Se3				
	Semen	Se4				
		Se5				
		Se6				
		Se7				
		Sa1				
		Sa2 Sa3				
		Sa5				
		Sa5				
		Sa6				
		Sa7				
		Sa8				
	Saliva	Sa9				
		Sa10				
		Sa11				
		Sa12				
		Sa13 Sa14				
		Sa14				
		Sal6				
		Sa17				
		V1				
		V2				
		V3				
		V4				
		V5				
	Vaginal	V6 V7				
		V7 V8				
		V8 V9				
		V10				
		V11				<u> </u>
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		M2				
	Menstrual	M3				
	Blood	M4				
		M5				
		M6 Sk1				
		Sk1 Sk2				
		Sk2 Sk3				
		Sk3 Sk4				
		Sk5				
	Skin	Sk6				
	Skin	Sk7				
		Sk8				
		Sk9				
		Sk10				<b>└────</b> ┤
		Sk11				
		Sk12	l		l	



targeted mRNA NGS approach for the identification of blood, saliva, semen, vaginal secretion, menstrual blood, skin

RNA extraction (manual or kit), DNase treatment, quantification

Protocols for PGM and MiSeq provided by UZH Primerpools for PGM and MiSeq provided by UZH

Laboratories analysed 8/16 samples provided by UZH and 0/8 own body fluid samples

Results (BAM/FASTQ files) collected and evaluated by UZH





#### Participating laboratories:

Cellmark, UK	PGM
Coimbra, Portugal	<b>S</b> 5
Cologne, Germany	PGM
Copenhagen, Denmark	MiSeq
Innsbruck, Austria	MiSeq
Krakow, Poland	PGM
London, UK	MiSeq
Lyon, France	FGx
NFI, Netherlands	FGx
NIPH, Oslo	PGM
NIST, USA	MiSeq
Orlando, Florida, USA	MiSeq/S5
Rome, Italy	FGx
Rotterdam, Netherlands	PGM
Zurich, Switzerland	MiSeq/PGM

No	data	yet
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Auckland, New Zealand Glasgow, Scotland Münster, Germany Santiago de Compostela, Spain





#### **Provided stains:**

#### single stains

stain number	MiSeq/FGx	PGM/S5
11	blood on swab	
12	blood on swab	blood on swab
13	blood on cotton pad	
14	blood on cotton pad	
15	saliva on swab	saliva on swab
16	buccal swab	buccal swab
17	semen on swab	semen on swab
18	semen on swab	
19	vaginal secretion on swab	vaginal secretion on swab
20	menstrual blood on swab	
21	menstrual blood on swab	menstrual blood on swab
22/23	skin swab	skin swab

#### mixed stains

stain number	MiSe	q/FGx	PGM/S5					
24	vaginal	semen	vaginal	semen				
25	blood	saliva						
26	menstrual	semen						
27/28	skin swab	saliva						





### Summary Questionnaire

- Delivery time Fedex (samples+primers): 17 labs within 1-4 days (max: 16 days to Italy)
- 2 labs: primers were not immediately stored at -20°C (1-3 weeks at room temp)
- 4x manual RNA extraction (recommended), 11x RNA extraction kit (Rneasy, EZ1 RNA Universal Tissue Kit, mirVana)
- 11x RNA quantification (Qubit, RiboGreen, Nanodrop, Quantus)
- RT (Illumina): 7x ProtoScript II Reverse Transcriptase, 2x others (Retroscript, RT2 First Strand Kit) RT (PGM): included in library kit





#### **Results:**

#### **RNA** quants

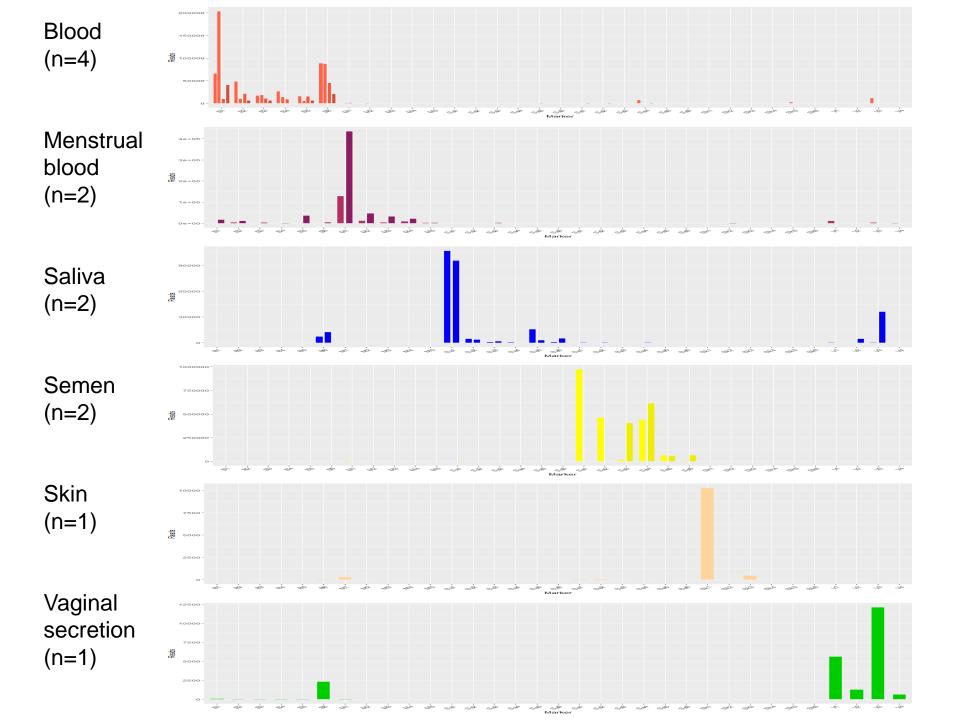
													-					
	extr method	quant method	s11	s12	s13	s14	s15	s16	s17	s18	s19	s20	s21	s 22/23	s24	s25	s26	s 27/28
Lab_1	Kit	Qubit	undet	undet	undet	undet	16.5	24.6	4	undet	23.2	71	29.4	undet	128	6.1	31.4	undet
Lab_2	Kit	Qubit	undet	undet	undet	undet	2.63	3.05	undet	undet	2.3	undet	4.76	undet	20.5	undet	11.5	undet
Lab_3	Kit	Nanodrop	3.8	4	2.2	2.1	30.1	130.4	15.4	3.9	62.2	86.9	39.6	2.7	127.2	10.9	30.1	7.2
Lab_4	Kit	Qubit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lab_5	Kit	Qubit	<0.5	0.81	1.04	0.76	4.44	15.2	2.17	1.22	9.19	44.6	9.63	0.5	>60	0.69	51	0.87
Lab_6	manual	Quantus	29.35	34.6	43.3	57.25	26.9	190	24	61	259.5	234.5	69.6	11	377.5	74.85	212.5	36.9
Lab_7	manual	Quant-iT RiboGreen	23	25.2	64.3	79.9	18	119	33.7	68.2	334.8	471.3	44.7	undet	525	50	392.4	16.6
Lab_8	Kit	no quant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lab_9	Kit	Qubit	undet	undet	undet	undet	10	10	undet	undet	3.3	9.7	2.7	undet	32	undet	21.5	undet
Lab_10	Kit	no quant		-			-	-	-		-		-	-	-			
Lab_11	Kit	no quant		-			-	-	-		-		-	-	-			
Lab_12	Kit	Qubit/ Nanodrop*		4.8			5.5	8	3.8*		11.6		4.4	4.7*	9.6			
Lab_13	Kit	Qubit		undet			undet	56	undet		12.9		9.02	undet	54.8			
Lab_14	manual	Qubit		16.2			8.2	15.6	5.6		65		39.3	2.4	129			
Lab_15	manual	Nanodrop		117.7			223	143.7	107.7		436		107.7	66.25	477.4			



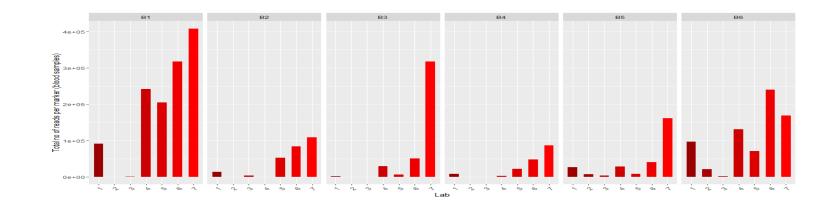


# Results Illumina MiSeq / FGx

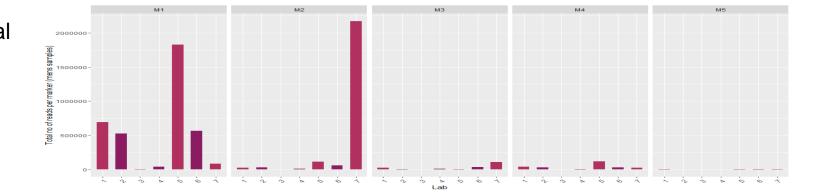




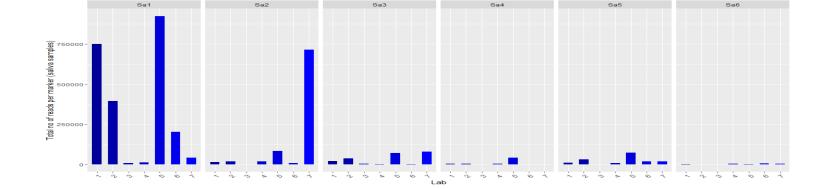
Blood (n=4)



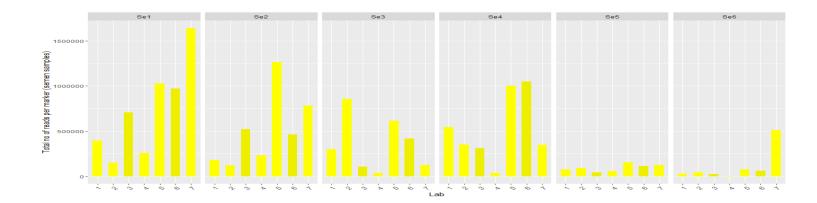
Menstrual blood (n=2)



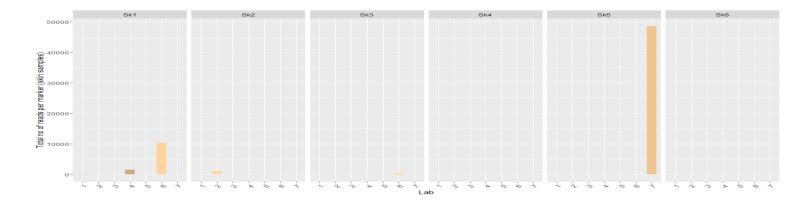




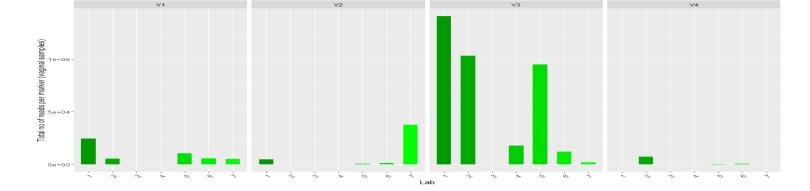


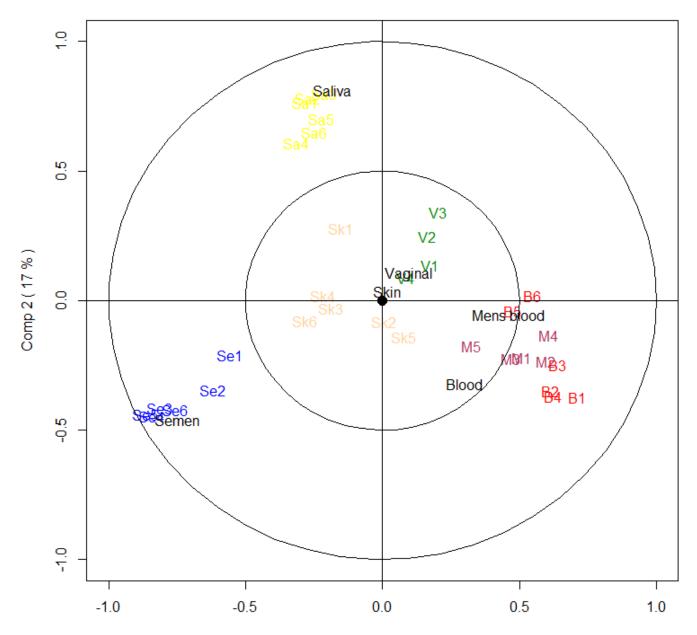




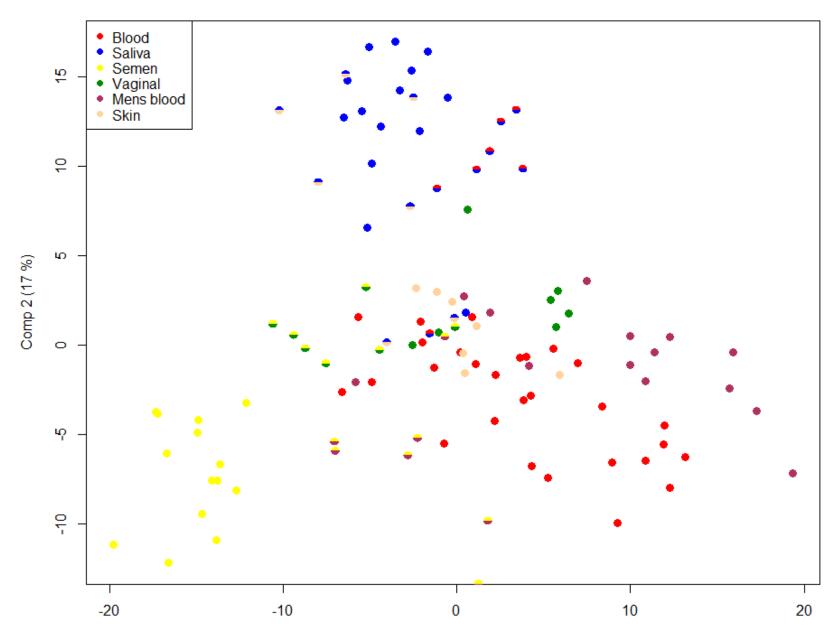


Vaginal secretion (n=1)

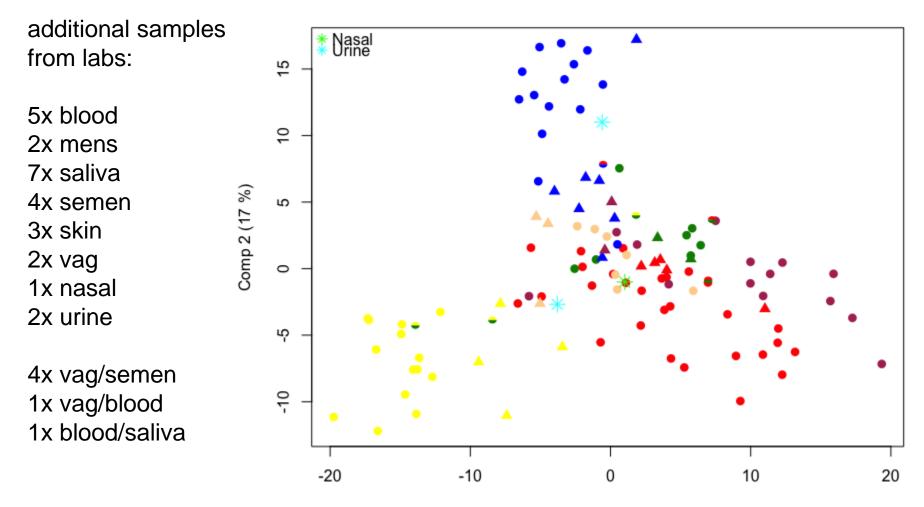




Comp 1 ( 29 % )



Comp 1 (29 %)



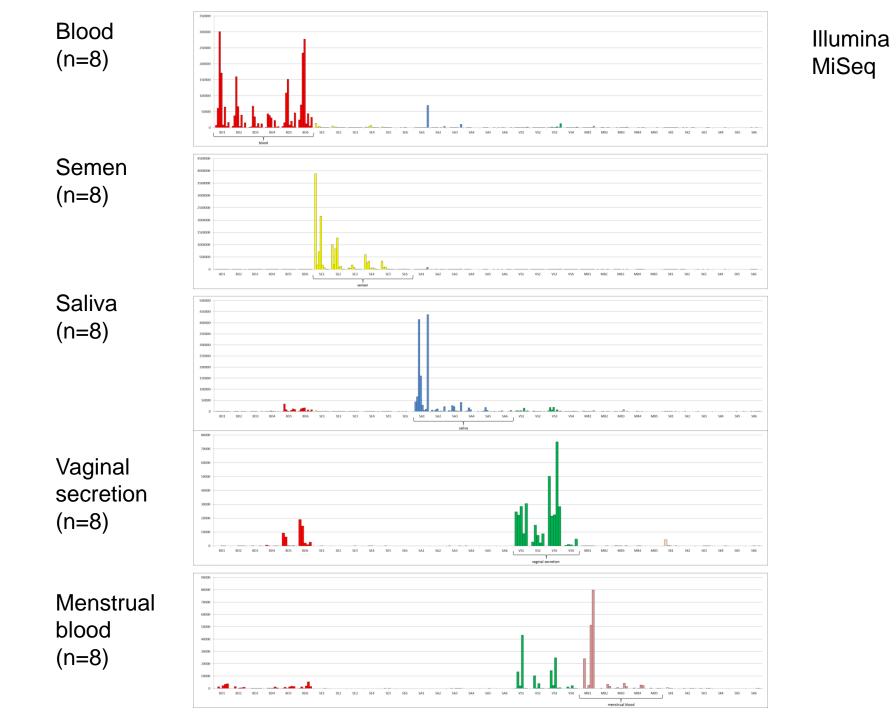
Comp 1 (29 %)

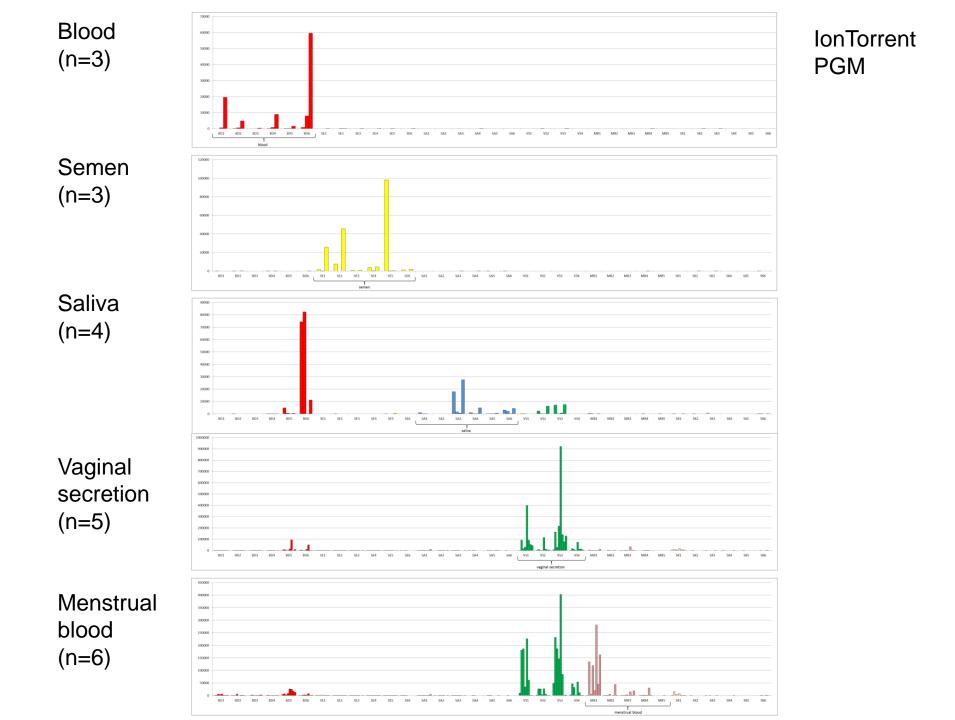


# Results IonTorrent PGN / S5 $\rightarrow$ not analyzed yet...

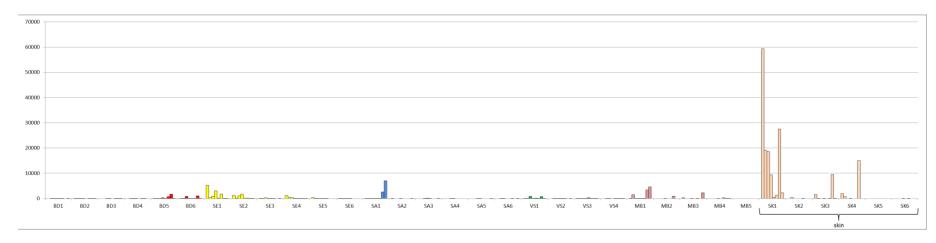




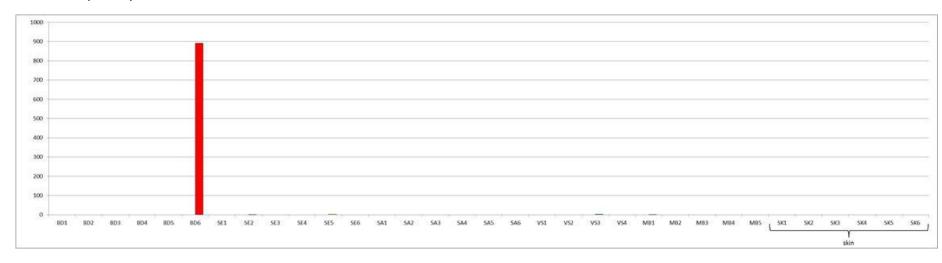




#### Illumina MiSeq Skin (n=8)



#### IonTorrent PGM Skin (n=2)





Technical challenges:

- no target region / manifest-files provided
- plan run / sequencing mode

Conclusion:

- 7/9 MiSeq labs successfully implemented the mRNA NGS approach
- MiSeq-assay satisfying, PGM-assay needs some optimization
- PGM protocol is more lab-work
- manual RNA-extraction!





→ associate specific mRNA transcripts to an individual (on mRNA)

- 35 cSNPs
- Illumina MiSeq (and IonTorrent PGM)

 $\rightarrow$  estimate RNA-SNP allele frequency by testing of population samples (on DNA)

- 35 cSNPs
- Illumina MiSeq (and IonTorrent PGM)







- 11/2016 Presentation of results of Collaborative exercise, part 1 (mRNA)
- 04/2017 Submission of a manuscript on part 1
- 04/2017 Suggestion for Collaborative exercise, part 2 (cSNPs)
- 06/2017 Shipment of samples, primers, protocols
- 10/2017 Submission of results





# **Thanks for participating!**





## EUROFORGEN-NoE Update: EDNAP Meeting Rome 2016

#### Peter M. Schneider

Institute of Legal Medicine University of Cologne (Germany)



EUROFORGEN-NoE is funded by the European Commission within the 7th Framework Programme

09/11/2016 Slide no 1

### **Overview on recent activities**



### Conferences

- EUROFORGEN Conference in Venice
- Security Research and Innovation (SRIE) in The Hague

### Dissemination activities

- A new guide explaining our science
- The Training Academy
  - For online learning

### • The end of funding ... but not of EUROFORGEN

- Sustaining the network structures



### **EUROFORGEN Conference Venice 2016**



EUROFORGE

#### International Dissemination Conference -"Forensic DNA analysis in the light of the new security needs"

The European Forensic Genetics Network of Excellence - EUROFORGEN-NoE - held its International Dissemination Conference "Forensic DNA analysis in the light of the new security needs" on **23rd June 2016 in Venice**, in connection with the **Intersocietal Symposium** of the **International Academy of Legal Medicine** (IALM).





EUROFORGEN-NoE is funded by the European Commissior within the 7th Framework Programme

#### ISSUE 3/2016

NEWSLETTER European Forensic Genetics Network of Excellence



Dear colleague

On June 23<sup>st</sup> 2016, the EUROFORGEN Network of Excellence has held the International Dissemination Conference "Forensic DNA analysis in the light of the new security needs" in Venice, Italy, in connection with the Intersociatal Symposium of the International Academy of Legal Medicine (IALM). Experts from science, social studies and law joined a number of consortium speakers to discuss current challenges and perspectives in forensic genetics. With this newsletter we would like to inform you about the major topics addressed and discussed in three sessions and a round table.

#### Welcome Address

The coordinator of the EUROFORGEN network, Peter M. Schneider (Institute of Legal Medicine, University of Cologne) welcomed the conference speakers and about 100 participants from all over Europe. He presented an overview about the research and networking activities carried out within the EU-funded project. In addition to an array of molecular genetic research activities, such as human body fluid and tissue identification in crime scene samples using mRNA/miRNA typing and methylation analysis, prediction of biogeographic ancestry using a newly developed "Global AIMs" genotyping panel, as well as hair morphology features using massively parallel sequencing, and new software for STR system validation as well as advanced mixture interpretation methods, he pointed out numerous other successful activities carried out during the five year funding period 2012-2016. These include:

 the establishment of a network of more than 200 European forensic laboratories and organizations forming the "European Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics", with a central website offering nce

privileged access to publications and educational resources,

- an ongoing short term fellowship program to support lab exchange visits among all network participants,
- a series of three very popular "Train the Trainers" workshops in Copenhagen addressing the most recent progress in forencic biostatistics, and resulting in more than 20 subsequent satellite training workshops at the local level across Europe.
- support for organizing several training workshops on DNA interpretation methods for members of police organizations by the European Police College (CEPOL) in Avila, Spain,
- additional research addressing ethical and legal aspects and the societal dimension of forensic genetics, leading to several in depth publications openly available from the EUROFORGEN homepage.

P. Schneider encouraged all attending colleagues to join the network and to contribute to the research activities. He also announced the EUROFORGEN network structures will be maintained beyond the end of EC funding to serve as an information platform about research and education, as well as to offer additional training opportunities for the forensic genetics community.



Speakers M. Wienroth, E. Murphy, P. Schneider, S. Chu (left to right)

#### Session I: FROM CRIME SCENE TO COURT ROOM - addressing evidence challenges and advanced interpretation methods, and the interpretation debate on miscarriages of justice

The first invited speaker was John M. Butler (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD, USA), one of the best known scientists in the field, to discuss "Challenges in Forenzic Genetics". He is the author of a series of most popular textbooks covering all aspects on the use of DNA analysis in the forensic context. In spite of the high marks given to nuclear DNA analysis by the 2009 landmark report from the U.S. National Academy of Sciences



- Panel Discussion on Forensics
  - CHAIR: Michele Socco (DG Home, EC)
  - Arie Ijzerman (Chair of the COSI)
    - COSI = Standing Committee on Internal Security
  - Jan de Kinder (Chair of ENFSI)
  - Dominique Saint-Dizier (Head, Institute of Criminalistics, France)
  - Peter M. Schneider (Coordinator EUROFORGEN-NoE)







Challenges exist at several levels:

- the crime scene with forensic evidence
- the adequate interpretation of evidence
- searching integrated forensic databases (such as DNA)
  - Lack of transnational, powerful interconnected database systems
- acceptance of new technologies in society and legislation
- the diversity of legal systems across Europe

For the time being, the challenges of today will stay with us until tomorrow, as there is a constant stream of technological innovation suitable for forensic casework, searching missing persons, and identifying victims of disaster and war.







There is a lack of high level scientific and technological research in particular in the field of new forensic genetic applications such as:

- reliable and validated prediction of externally visible characteristics beyond pigmentation, age prediction and ancestry,
- the transition from standard DNA analysis to sequence-based typing using Massively Parallel Sequencing (MPS) for DNA Databasing, Missing Persons and Disaster Victim identification (DVI),
  - highly focused optimization of platforms, DNA targets, and work flow tailored for specific applications,
- the early assessment of direct DNA sequencing using long read single molecule sequencing,





- transition / extension of National DNA Databases to accept MPS-based DNA data,
- providing suitable training for casework analysts to understand the scope of new technologies and probabilistic genotyping for adequate courtroom presentation,
- ensuring genetic privacy by using smart filtering of the accumulated data
  - due to considerable heterogeneity regarding the acceptance of genotyping in various legal systems across Europe,

... as a prerequisite for the development and introduction of reliable forensic tests and applications, <u>and</u> for obtaining acceptance of these advanced typing technologies in by legislators, in the courtroom and by society.





Real progress requires activities at all levels, and including all players

in the forensic arena:

- EFSA 2020 serving as framework and reference for all activities
- Horizon 2020 focusing on funding high level basic and applied research projects aiming to achieve real scientific progress (to avoid falling behind the US NIJ level of funding)
- ISF supporting the practical implementation of new forensic technologies at the practical casework level
- CEPOL, EJTN, Europol, Eurojust establishing a cross cutting training network involving academic professionals, as well as all stake holders and end users
- Other EC funding providing support for ethical, legal and societal research to understand public concerns and the political processes required for adopting new legislation





- EU legislative initiatives: Priorization of centralized resources and operational systems whenever possible to address current <u>limitations relating to separate national</u> jurisdictions and legal systems.
  - Support and promotion of mechanisms for cross border data exchange anchored in appropriate policies and data protection.
  - Establish policy mechanisms and fund operation of forensic elimination databases.
- Strengthening human rights applications of forensic investigations to give visibility and effect to benefits derived from effective workflows safeguarding the rule of law and human rights.





- Involve relevant advisors from all fields of expertise in forensics for drafting topics for new calls in H2020:
  - academic researchers, police investigators & scientists, technology developers, legal experts, social scientists
- Consider a more prominent role for the ICMP (International Commission of Missing Persons) as a high-profile collaborating international institution based in Europe, to strengthen the expertise in the forensic arena and serve as a protected data repository able to bridge gaps in operational data exchange.





"Making Sense of Forensic Genetics" Guide



- Collaboration with the non-profit charity "Sense about Science"
- Production of brochure and a series of media and public relation events for launch
- To address public misconceptions and explain the basics



Who we are What we are doing Campaigns & news

Sense about Science is an independent campaigning charity that challenges the misrepresentation of science and evidence in public life. We advocate openness and honesty about research findings, and work to ensure the public interest in sound science and evidence is recognised in public discussion and policy making.



#### The EUROFORGEN Online Training Academy:

- Online lectures on basic and advanced topics in forensic genetics
- WEBEX-based interactive presentations with Q & A session
- Participants need to register and can obtain a certificate for successful participation, after submitting their answers to a web-based questionnaire
- Presentations will be recorded for individual viewing accessible to members of the "Virtual Institute"
- At least 3 lectures this year, more lectures scheduled for 2017



#### **WP5: Education, Training and Career Development**



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EUROFORGEN Network of Excellence			∟ogin Search Contact Sitemap Imprint
f 🗹	▶ Home ▶ Training ▶ Up	coming Courses	search GO
About EUROFORGEN-NoE	Course		Newsletter (3/2016)
The Group	9		
The Project	Course title	WEBINAR: Relationship Inference with Familias	
Networking Activities	Subject	The aim of this webinar is to educate/train DNA expert	s
Training		in statistical methods of relationship testing as well as	answare and a second and a se
Exchange options		the new development on the Familias software	년 Dowload here
Online resources			
Upcoming Courses	Institute	EUROFORGEN-NoE	
Regular Courses	Country	Online	
News		00.44.0040	
Dissemination Activities	Timeperiod	09.11.2016	
Contact	Month	4	
Login	Email Address	@ euroforgen-webinars(at)eurtd.com	
Tweets by @EUROFORGEN		http://www.euroforgen.eu/webinar-registration/	
	Seck to the listview		

### The Virtual Institute of Research for Forensic Genetics



## EUROFORGEN Network of Excellence

▶ Home ▶ Networking Activities ▶ European Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics

#### About EUROFORGEN-NoE

The Group

The Project

#### **Networking Activities**

European landscape in forensic genetics

Directory of Forensic Genetic Research Laboratories in Europe

European Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics

#### Training

Contact

News

Dissemination Activities

#### European Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics - access query

You are interested in becoming a member of the European Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics?

If you are a scientist working at a forensic genetics laboratory, or a professional working in an institution of the justice system, you are invited to join the Virtual Institute. Please see our Newsletter 3/2014 for further details.

Please enter your personal contact data, and the data of your institution below. We will verify your request and come back to you in the following days.

One requirement to get access to the EUROFORGEN-NoE Virtual Institute of Research in Forensic Genetics is the participation of your institution by submitting the EUROFORGEN-NoE D guestionnaire.

Your EUROFORGEN-NoE team.





### ... but not of our network!

- The EC-funded project will end on Dec 31, 2016
- EUROFORGEN will associate with the ISFG to
  - Maintain the Virtual Institute of Research
  - add more content for the website for training and education
  - Continue the online Training Academy
  - Collaborate with other stakeholders (ENFSI, CEPOL)
- The EUROFORGEN Summer School will be organized to offer high level training with experts colleagues and scientists as teachers
  - The first Summer School is scheduled for July 17-21, 2017, to take place in Santiago de Compostela, Spain



