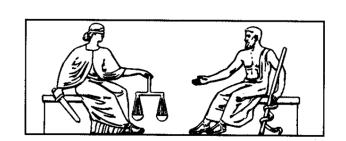




NEW TECHNOLOGIES - AN INTRODUCTION

Niels Morling, MD DMSc

Professor of Forensic Genetics
Chairman & Director of the Department of Forensic Medicine
Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences
University of Copenhagen
Denmark





FORENSIC MEDICINE - COPENHAGEN - DENMARK



25,000

12,000

1,000

50

DEPARTMENT





FORENSIC GENETIC PERSPECTIVES OF MASSIVELY PARALLEL SEQUENCING



ALSO CALLED

- SECOND GENERATION SEQUENCING
- NEXT GENERATION SEQUENCING

MAY BE USED FOR

- -> STRs FOR IDENTIFICATION / RELATIONSHIP TESTING
- -> SNPs FOR IDENTIFICATION / RELATIONSHIP TESTING
 - WHOLE mt-GENOME
- ->• SNPs FOR PHENOTYPICAL TRAITS
- → SNPs FOR ANCESTRY
 - GENETIC DISEASES, e.g.
 - HEART
 - PSYCHIATRIC
 - SKIN, etc.
 - MICROBIAL IDENTIFICATION
 - TARGETED, WHOLE EXOME, WHOLE GENOME SEQUENCING



MPS IN COPENHAGEN













GS JUNIOR (2009) - RETIRED

MISEQ (2013) + FORENSEQ (2014)

- FORENSIC SNPs-STRs
- mtDNA SEQUENCING
- GENES, e.g. HEART
- mRNA/miRNA/metDNA

ION TORRENT PGM (2013) - THREE

- HID-Ion AmpliSeq™ Identity Panel
- HID-Ion AmpliSeq[™] Ancestry Panel
- LT STR SEQUENCING

NEXTSEQ 500 (2015)

- WHOLE GENOME SEQUENCING
- WHOLE EXOME SEQUENCING
- GENES, e.g. HEART, PSYCHIATRY
- mRNA/miRNA/metDNA

ION S5 NGS SYSTEM (2016)

FORENSIC GENETICS – VALIDATION

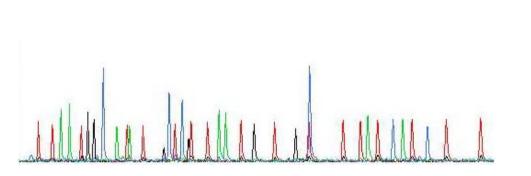


SUPPLEMENTARY SNP MULTIPLEX FOR PATERNITY & RELATIONSHIP TESTING

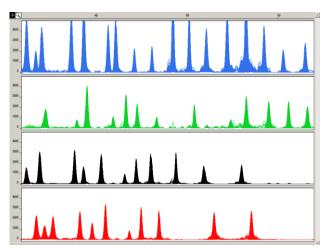


STANDARD INVESTIGATION

15-17 STRs



2007 -2015
SUPPLEMENTARY INVESTIGATION



49 SNPs
SNAPSHOT & CE



SUPPLEMENTARY MPS SNP MULTIPLEX FOR PATERNITY & RELATIONSHIP TESTING

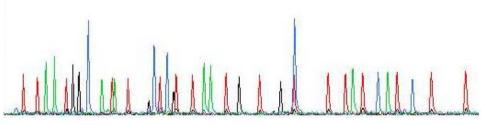


STANDARD INVESTIGATION 17 STRs

FROM 2016
SUPPLEMENTARY INVESTIGATION

HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL

- 124 SNPs
- 90 AUTOSOMAL SNPs
- 34 Y CHROMOSOME SNPs





VALIDATION OF THE HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ **IDENTITY PANEL - RELATIONSHIP TESTING**



SAMPLES TYPINGS OF

- UNRELATED DANES
- RELATIONSHIP TRIOS AND DUOS
- ARTIFICIAL DNA MIXTURES (1:1, 1:3, 1:6, 1:12, 1:24, 1:48) ALL SAMPLES WERE PREVIOUSLY TYPED WITH THE SNPFORID ASSAY (PCR-SBE-CE)

SAMPLE MATERIAL

- PURIFIED DNA (~1 NG)
- FTA CARD PUNCHES (D = 1.1 mm, BUCCAL SWABS)

CHANGES TO THE MANUFACTURER'S PROTOCOL

- 24 CYCLES PCR
- LIBRARIES PER CHIP: 5 FOR ION314, 18 FOR ION316, 40 FOR ION318

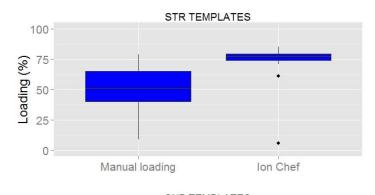


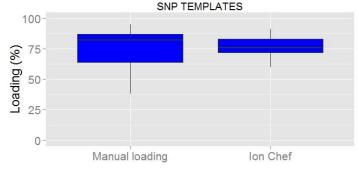
HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL



THE ION CHEF™

- LESS HANDS-ON AND FEWER PIPETTING STEPS
- MORE CONSISTENT LOADING





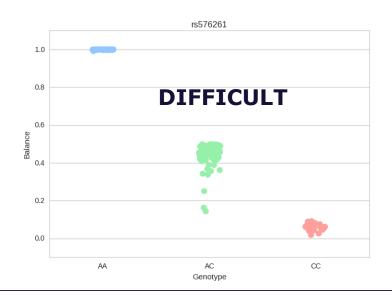


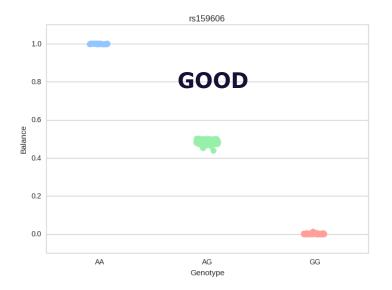
VALIDATION OF THE HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL

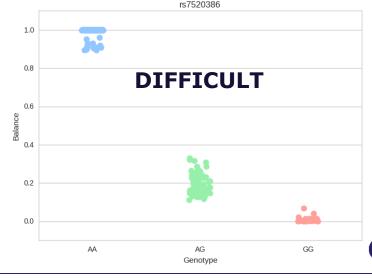


SEQUENCING PERFORMANCE FOR EACH LOCUS

- NOISE
- COVERAGE
- HETEROZYGOTE BALANCE



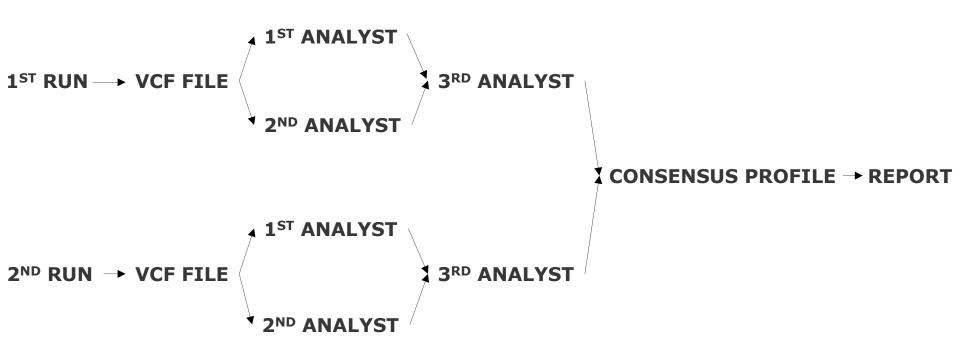






VALIDATION OF THE HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL





PERFORMED WITH A FEW CLICKS WITH A MOUSE



RESULTS OF VALIDATION OF THE **HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL**



- MENDELIAN INHERITANCE OF 88 AUTOSOMAL AND 34 Y-SNPS
- LR CALCULATION BASED ON 39 SNPFORID SNPS (DNAVIEW)
- TYPICAL PI (GEOMETRIC MEAN) > 10⁴
- MATCH PROBABILITY < 10⁻⁶ (NAÏVE CALCULATION < 10⁻¹³)

THE VALIDATION REPORT FOR RELATIONSHIP TESTING WAS APPROVED BY THE ACCREDTING BODY IN DENMARK - DANAK

PROFICIENCY TESTS FOR HID-SNPS

- NORDIC DENMARK, SWEDEN, NORWAY
- THREE RELATIONSHIP CASES PER YEAR
- THE SNPforID CONSORTIUM/EUROFORGEN DENMARK, SWEDEN, NORWAY, COLOGNE, SANTIAGO, LONDON **FOUR SAMPLES PER YEAR**

BEGINNING OF S5 VALIDATION



ION AMPLISEQ™ PANELS

HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ ANCESTRY PANEL (165 SNPs)
123 SELDIN SNPs

55 KIDD SNPs

HID-ION AMPLISEQ™ IDENTITY PANEL (124 SNPs)

48 SNPFORID SNPs

43 IISNPs

34 UPPER-CLADE Y-SNPs

ION AMPLISEQ™ GLOBALFILER® MIXTURE ID PANEL (113 LOCI)

29 AUTOSOMAL STRs

1 Y-STR

45 SNPs

2 Y-INDELs

36 MICROHAPLOTYPES (SNPs)



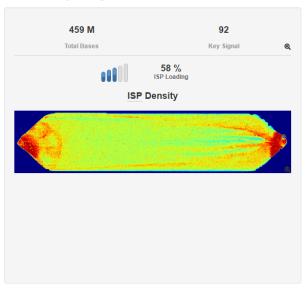
Reports: Auto_user_\$5-00565-4-20160502_Concordance_MAJ_60 (19)

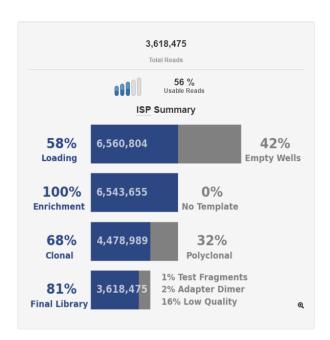
SUMMARY FROM THE CONCORDANCE STUDY

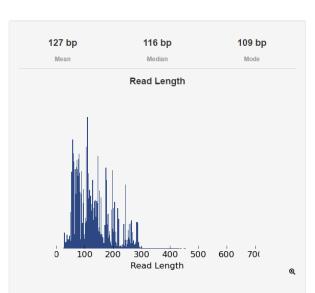


Run Summary: R_2016_05_03_09_04_37_user_S5-00565-4-20160502_Concordance_MAJ

Read Summary: Unaligned





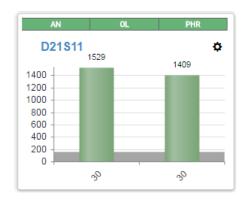




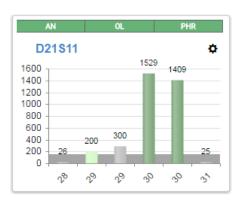
THE CONVERGE™ SOFTWARE - S5

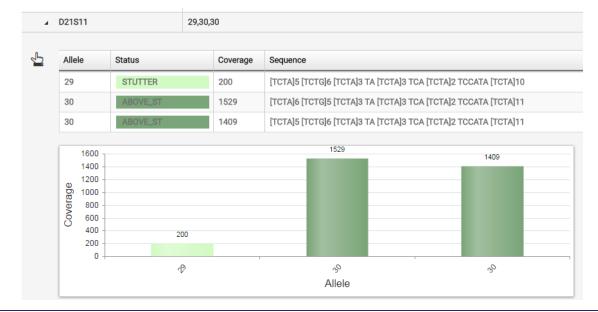


STRs: A FEW VIEWS







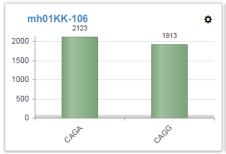


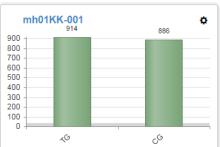


THE CONVERGE™ SOFTWARE - S5



MICROHAPLOTYPES









SNPs

Position	Locus	Genotype	P QC	Ÿ	Coverage	All	Ilele Freq T G C		Coverage%	IGV
chr17:80765788	rs2292972	Г [∞] СТ			2607	100		P		•
chr10:132698419	rs964681	СТ			3471			ľ		•
chr5:174778678	rs251934	AG			5117			P		•
chr17:2919393	rs9905977	GG			4804			ľ		•
chr2:114974	rs876724	CC			2742			ľ		•
chr21:29679687	rs2831700	AG			4316			P		•
chr13:20901724	rs1335873	P AA			5626			ľ		•
chr21:43606997	rs221956	CC			4712					•
chr1:105717631	rs4847034	GG			2437			l P		•
chr7:4310365	rs6955448	CC			3172			ľ		•



MPS SOFTWARE



PROVIDERS' SOFTWARE

- TORRENT SUITE PLUG-INNS (SNPs AND STRs)
- FORENSEQ UNIVERSAL ANALYSIS SOFTWARE

STRAIT RAZOR V2.0

WARSHAUER ET AL., FSI GENET 2015;14: 182-86

MYFLQ

VAN NESTE ET AL., FSI GENET 2015; 15: 2-7

STRinNGS

• FRIIS ET AL., FSI GENET 2015; 21: 68-75

OTHERS



MPS STR SEQUENCES - SOFTWARE



Genome sequence: D5S818

AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGATGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGA<mark>T</mark>GTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGATGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGCTAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT AGAGGTATAAATAAGGATACAGATAAAGATACAAATGTTGT



MPS STR SEQUENCES - SOFTWARE



Forensic Science International: Genetics 21 (2016) 68-75



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Forensic Science International: Genetics





Research paper

Introduction of the Python script STRinNGS for analysis of STR regions in FASTQ or BAM files and expansion of the Danish STR sequence database to 11 STRs



Susanne L. Friis¹, Anders Buchard¹, Eszter Rockenbauer, Claus Børsting*, Niels Morling

Section of Forensic Genetics, Department of Forensic Medicine, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Denmark

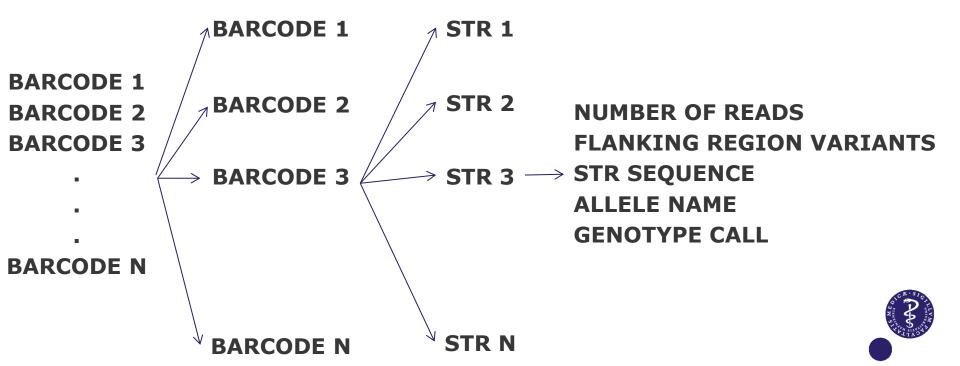


STRINGS - STR SEQUENCING DATA



PURPOSE

- AUTOMATED ANALYSIS AND NAMING OF STR SEQUENCES FOR DATABASING
- AUTOMATED ANALYSIS OF FLANKING REGIONS (SNP-STR ALLELES)
- WORKS WITH FASTQ, BAM FILES, ETC.



STRINGS - STR SEQUENCING DATA



NOMENCLATURE

- LOCUS NAME (USED IN FORENSIC GENETICS)
- LENGTH OF REPEAT REGION/LENGTH OF REPEAT UNIT
- SEQUENCE(S) OF SUBREPEAT(S) FOLLOWED BY THE NUMBER OF SUBREPEATS
- VARIATION IN THE FLANKING REGIONS

EXAMPLES

TH01[9]AATG[9]
D5S818[12]AGAT[9]ACAT[1]AGAT[2]RS25768[T]RS73801920[G]
(GELARDI ET AL., FSI GENET 2014; 12: 38-41)

WILL BE ADJUSTED TO THE NOMENCLATURE OF THE ISFG RECOMMENDATIONS 2016



STR NOMENCLATURE ISFG RECOMMENDATIONS 2016



Forensic Science International: Genetics 22 (2016) 54-63



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Forensic Science International: Genetics





Massively parallel sequencing of forensic STRs: Considerations of the DNA commission of the International Society for Forensic Genetics (ISFG) on minimal nomenclature requirements



Walther Parson^{a,b,*}, David Ballard^c, Bruce Budowle^{d,e}, John M. Butler^f, Katherine B. Gettings^f, Peter Gill^{g,h}, Leonor Gusmão^{i,j,k}, Douglas R. Hares^l, Jodi A. Irwin^l, Jonathan L. King^d, Peter de Knijff^m, Niels Morlingⁿ, Mechthild Prinz^o, Peter M. Schneider^p, Christophe Van Neste^q, Sascha Willuweit^r, Christopher Phillips^s



ANCESTRY INFORMATIVE MARKERS (AIMs)



- LINEAGE MARKERS (HAPLOGROUPS OF MTDNA AND Y-STR)
- SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE POLYMORPHISMS (SNPs)
- INDELS (INSERTION / DELETIONS)
- SEVERAL HUNDREDS MARKERS ANALYSED
- CONTINENTAL RESOLUTION ESTABLISHED (EAST ASIA – EUROPE – AFRICA – OCEANIA)
- FINER RESOLUTION EMERGING

Ancestry Analysis in the 11-M Madrid Bomb Attack Investigation

Christopher Phillips^{1,2}*, Lourdes Prieto³, Manuel Fondevila¹, Antonio Salas¹, Antonio Gómez-Tato⁴, José Álvarez-Dios⁴, Antonio Alonso⁵, Alejandro Blanco-Verea¹, María Brión², Marta Montesino³, Ángel Carracedo^{1,2}, María Victoria Lareu¹

1 Forensic Genetics Unit, Institute of Legal Medicine, University of Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, Galicia, Spain, 2 Genomic Medicine Group, CIBERER, University of Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, Galicia, Spain, 3 University Institute of Research Police Sciences (IUICP), DNA Laboratory, Comisaría general de Policía Científica, Madrid, Spain, 4 Faculty of Mathematics, University of Santiago de Compostela, Santiago de Compostela, Galicia, Spain, 5 Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y Ciencias Forenses, Delegación de Madrid, Spain



ANCESTRY BY SNP TYPING OF AIMS



EUROFORGEN SNPs

LIFE TECHNOLOGY - MPS SNPs

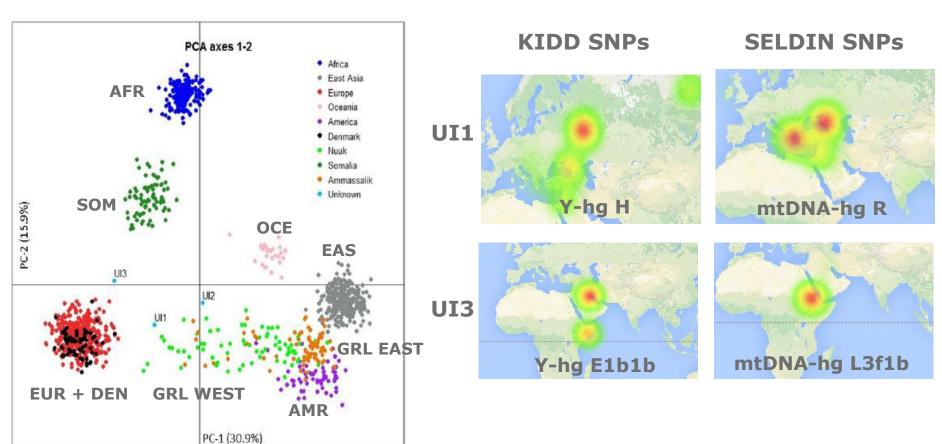


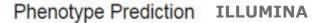
Figure 14: A 2-Dimentional PCA plot of Danes, Somali, Nuuk and Ammassalik Greenlanders and the five continental group training set (AFR, EUR, EASN, AME and OCE). Three unidentified individuals from casework are added to the PCA plots. (Population ID: Unknown, sample ID: UI1, UI2 and UI3). Principal Component 1 and 2 (PC-1 and PC-2) constitutes 30.9 % and 15.9 % of the variation, respectively.



ANCESTRY, TRAITS, AND SNPs

FREDERIK





1_FTP 5.0 - Copenhagen A51KG

(Sample)





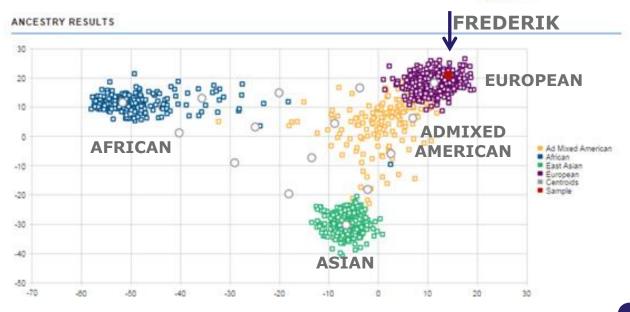




EYE COLOR RESULTS

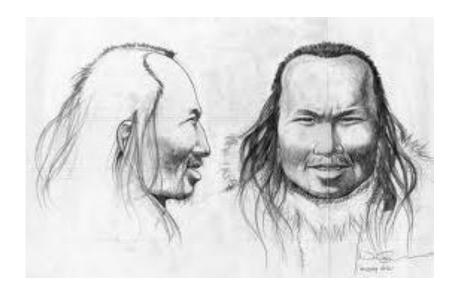






GREENLANDERS















RESEARCH ARTICLE

Peopling of the North Circumpolar Region – Insights from Y Chromosome STR and SNP Typing of Greenlanders

Jill Katharina Olofsson*, Vania Pereira, Claus Børsting, Niels Morling

Section of Forensic Genetics, Department of Forensic Medicine, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark



DOI:10.1371/journal.pone.0116573 January 30, 2015



Y CHROMOSOMES IN GREENLANDERS



Approximately 40% of the analyzed Greenlandic Y chromosomes were of European origin (I-M170, R1a-M513 and R1b-M343)

Y chromosomes of European origin were mainly found in individuals from the west and south coasts of Greenland, which is in agreement with the historic records of the geographic placements of European settlements in Greenland.

Two Inuit Y-chromosomal lineages, Q-M3 (xM19, M194, L663, SA01 and L766) and Q-NWT01 (xM265) were found in 23% and 31% of the male Greenlanders, respectively.



AIMS IN GREENLANDERS



Forensic Science International: Genetics 24 (2016) 60-64



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Forensic Science International: Genetics





Research paper

Frequencies of HID-ion ampliseq ancestry panel markers among greenlanders



Gonçalo Espregueira Themudo*, Helle Smidt Mogensen, Claus Børsting, Niels Morling

Section of Forensic Genetics, Department of Forensic Medicine, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark



GREENLANDERS - EUROFORGEN SNPs



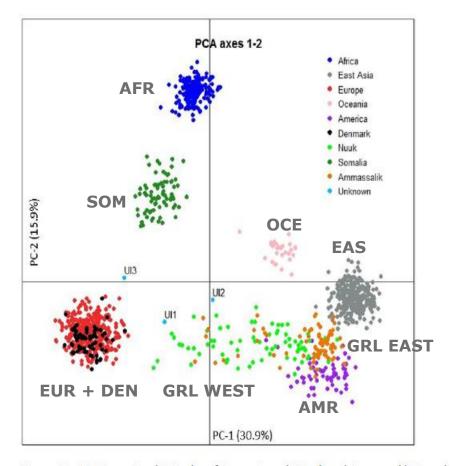
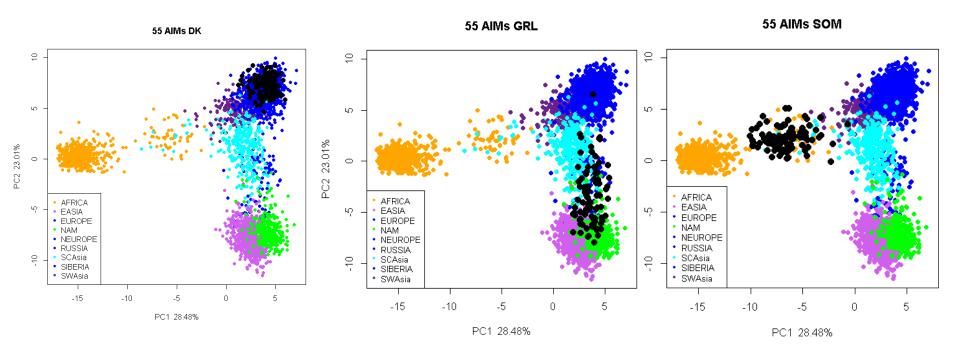


Figure 14: A 2-Dimentional PCA plot of Danes, Somali, Nuuk and Ammassalik Greenlanders and the five continental group training set (AFR, EUR, EASN, AME and OCE). Three unidentified individuals from casework are added to the PCA plots. (Population ID: Unknown, sample ID: UI1, UI2 and UI3). Principal Component 1 and 2 (PC-1 and PC-2) constitutes 30.9 % and 15.9 % of the variation, respectively.



KIDD AIM SNPs (55 - LT ANCESTRY PANEL)

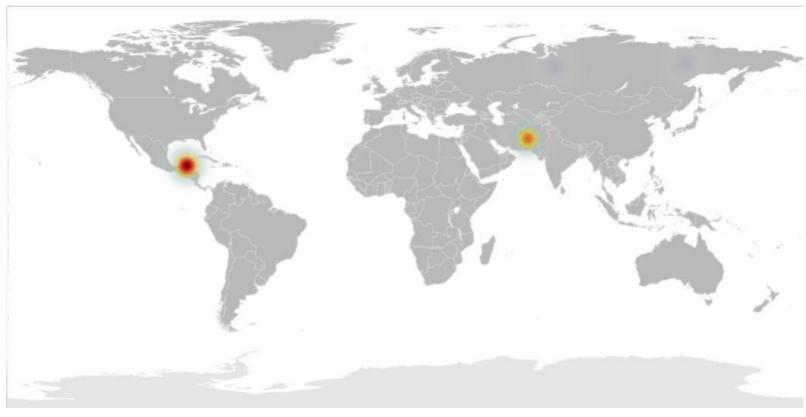






GREENLANDERS - KIDD AIM SNPs

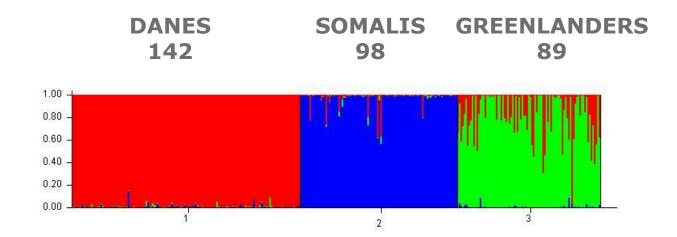






SELDIN SNPs (123 – LT ANCESTRY PANEL) STRUCTURE

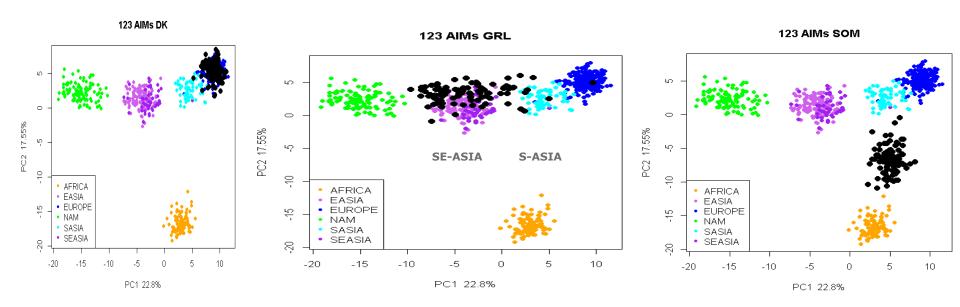






SELDIN SNPs (123 - LT ANCESTRY PANEL)

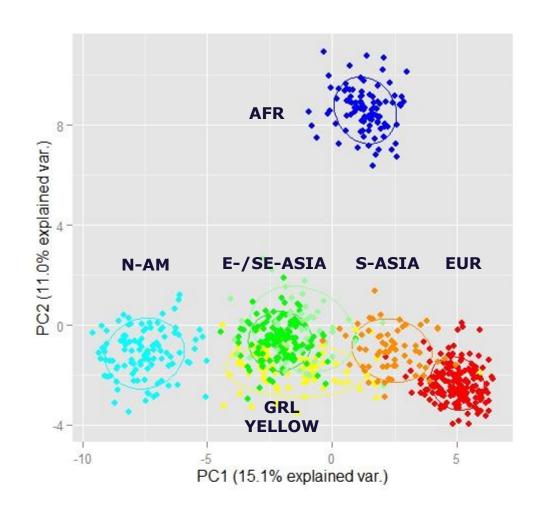




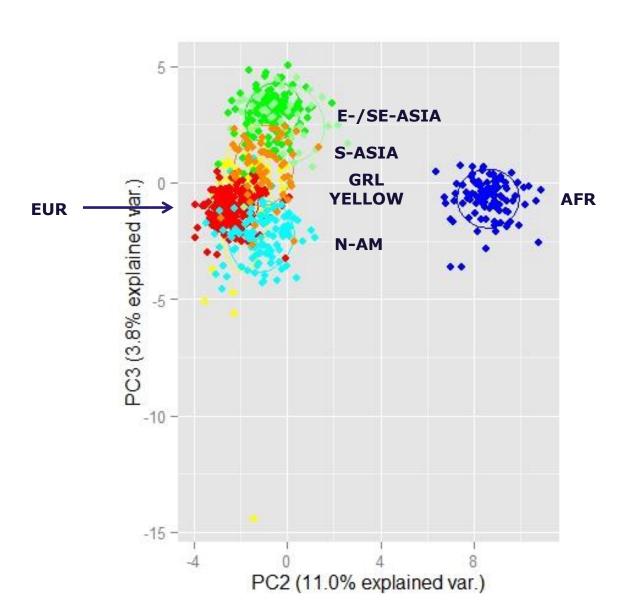


GREENLANDERS – NEW ANALYSIS AFTER HAVING LEARNED THE INUIT FREQUENCIES





GREENLANDERS - NEW ANALYSIS WITH PC3



GREENLANDERS - NEXT MOVE



SCRUTINIZE DATA FROM CLINICAL INVESTIGATIONS, ETC.
WHOLE GENOME SEQUENCING OF INUIT



NEW SEQUENCING METHODS WITHOUT PCR



THIRD GENERATION DNA SEQUENCING - SINGLE MOLECULES

PACBIO RS - PACIFIC BIOSYSTEMS

SINGLE MOLECULE REAL TIME SEQUENCING

http://www.pacificbiosciences.com/



HELICOS GENETIC ANALYSIS SYSTEM
HELISCOPE SINGLE MOLECULE SEQUENCER
http://www.helicosbio.com



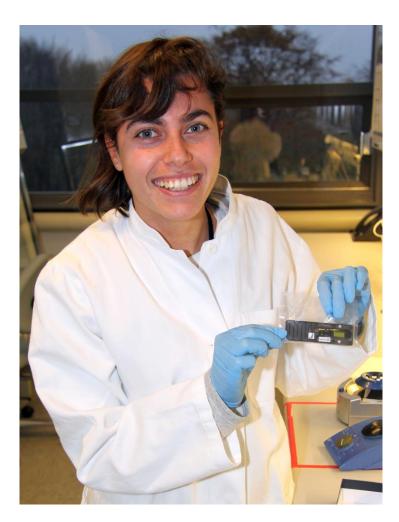




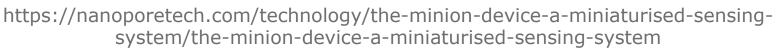


MinION - Oxford NANOPORE Technologies







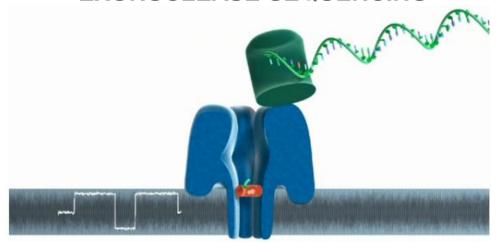




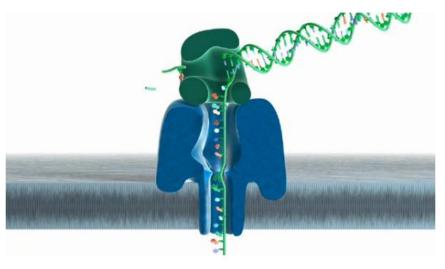
OXFORD NANOPORE TECHNOLOGIES

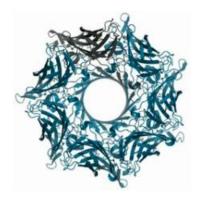


EXONUCLEASE SEQUENCING

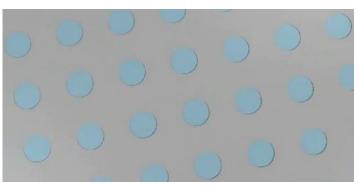


STRAND SEQUENCING









ARRAY WITH MULTIPLE UNITS



FORENSIC GENETIC MPS CHALLENGES



- AUTOMATION OF
 - LABORATORY PROCEDURES
 - DATA ANALYSIS INCLUDE FLANKING REGIONS (OPTION)
- USE INTERNATIONAL NOMENCLATURE
- ESTABLISH MPS POPULATION DATABASES FOR STR, SNPs, etc.
- DEVELOP RELEVANT MPS KITS
 - SMALL NUMBERS OF MARKERS FOR SCREENING AND **ADDITIONAL TESTING**
 - LARGE NUMBERS OF MARKERS ± PHENOTYPIC AND/OR **ANCESTRY MARKERS**
 - PHENOTYPE KITS
 - AIMs KITS
- IMPLEMENT MPS IN CASEWORK



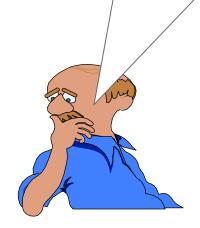
NEW DNA SEQUENCING METHODS IN FORENSIC GENETICS



CRITICAL TESTING OF

- RELIABILITY
- SENSITIVITY
- SPECIFICITY
- RISK OF CONTAMINATION
- RESOLUTION OF DNA MIXTURES
- WEIGHT OF THE EVIDENCE
- etc.

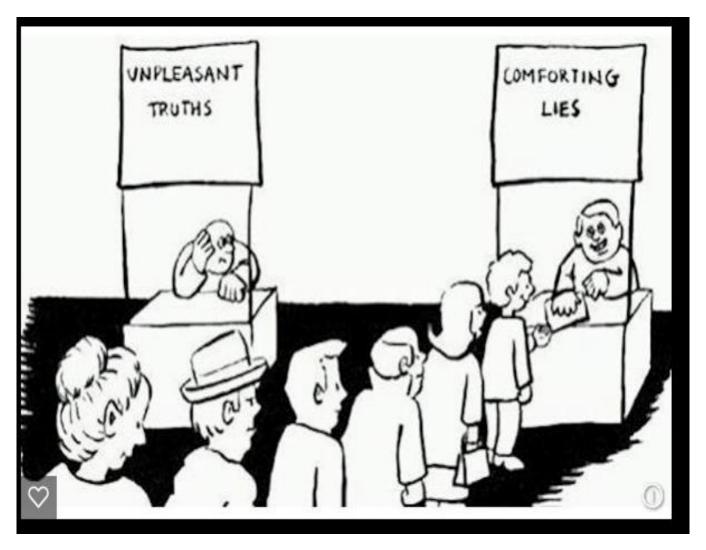
Be careful with new technologies in forensic genetics





WHAT DO WE WANT?







THE COPENHAGEN MPS GROUP



Jeppe Dyrberg Andersen, MSc. PhD. Postdoc Anders Buchard, MSc, PhD, Forensic Geneticist Claus Børsting, MSc, PhD, Forensic Senior Advisor Sofie Christiansen, MSc, PhD Student Rune Frank-Hansen, MSc. PhD. Forensic Geneticist Christian Hussing, MSc, PhD Student Line Jensen, MSc, PhD Student Marie-Louise Kampmann, MSc, PhD, Postdoc Carmen Tomas Mas, MSc, PhD, Forensic Geneticist Helle Smidt Mogensen, MSc, PhD, Forensic Geneticist Niels Morling, MD, DMSc, Professor, Director Vania Pereira, MSc. PhD. Assistant Professor Eszter Rockenbauer, MSc, PhD, Forensic Geneticist Halimureti Simayijiang, MSc, PhD Student Goncalo Themudo, MSc. PhD. Postdoc and

Enthusiastic students and guests from all over the world



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION TO A VIKING





